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GENEALOGY OF THE LORAIN, LORAIN COUNTY,

OHIO, BRANCH OF THE GILMOUR-GILMORE

FAMILY, NEW HAMPSHIRE LINE.

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Compiled
by
Mr. Claude Charles Hamel
of
Amherst, Lorain County, Ohio.

(Revised 1954)

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Hamel, C C
Genealogy of the Lorain,
Lorain County, Ohio Branch of the
Gilmour-Gilmore family, New Hampshire
Line

STL

1954 rev.

Ref. 929.2

DEDICATED TO

MY PATERNAL GRANDMOTHER,

SARAH RODELLA (GILMORE) HAMEL.

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1966449

Recd Oct 26-1977

"One generation comes, another goes and
mingles with the dust,
And thus we come and go, and come and go,
Each for a moment filling up
Some little place, and thus we disappear
In quick succession, and it shall be so,
Till Time in one vast perpetuity
Be swallowed up."

(Author unknown)

PREFACE

Any one starting out to make up a genealogical record of the Gilmores of their line in the United States, will find that they are confronted with a large number of persons by that name, variously spelled, and scattered all over the country. The research is further complicated by the fact that most people cannot give you any definite data further back than their grandparents. It is almost certain that the majority of them descended from brothers who came here from Ulster, Ireland, or a few directly from Scotland.

It will also be found that there are many contradictions, as dates in many of the town records and histories do not check with the vital records, tombstone and family records. Names were spelled, it would seem, according to the way the old time town clerks could spell, and the preferred spelling of the individuals themselves.

It wasn't long after work was started on my paternal grandmother's line that it was found that a tough job was ahead, and that no quick or easy way of untangling the jugsaw puzzle was possible. Pertinent information was in so many places, Bible records, town, township, county and state histories, privately published diaries, historical society publications, vital records, probate court records, etc., so that the only way the problem could be solved was to read everything and copy all pertinent information, together with title of book, author, date of publication, etc., then from this mass of data, put together the data for what is known as the New Hampshire line, the Massachussetts Line, etc.

I wish to thank all those who answered my correspondence in regard to Gilmore data, The Genealogical Section of the Library of Congress in Washington, D. C. where I done a lot of research work, and the various Town Clerks, etc.

HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

The so-called "Scotch-Irish" or "Ulster Scots," as some genealogists prefer designating them, were descendants of the Scotch settlers into Ulster, Ireland, and the terms were used in order to differentiate them from those who came to America directly from Scotland.

In compiling a genealogy of a Scotch-Irish Presbyterian, one must go back for many years previous to their mass emigration to America and other countries and find out what caused such wholesale migrations.

James I of England, soon after he came to the throne, confiscated many estates of the rebellious Roman Catholic Irish in Ulster, Ireland, and started resettlement about 1603, making special effort to obtain Protestants from the central part of Scotland. A large colony emigrated from Argyleshire, Scotland, in 1612, with the County of Londonderry, Ireland, as the chief seat of colonization.

The descendants of these colonizers had many hardships and disappointments, due to the bitter hatred between them and the Roman Catholic Irish. On top of this was the civil wars, pestilence, troubles over high rents, crop failures, and generally bad economic conditions. They held their land and tenements by lease only from the crown, and not as proprietors of the land.

During the reigns of Elizabeth and James I, various Acts of Parliament were passed regulating the religious affairs of the kingdom, which met with fierce resistence by large sections of the population of all classes in Scotland and England, and in reproach these resisters were called "Puritans," which term applied to the Scotch-Irish who came to Londonderry, New Hampshire.

The Scotch Presbyterians were dissenters from the Church of England, and were compelled to give up one-tenth of their income for the established religion. The Seceders of 1732 refused to register births, due to their dislike of the State Church. Few burials were registered on account of the Act of 1793, which required the imposition of a fine on every entry of burial.

The migrations of the Scotch-Irish from Ulster, Ireland, commenced in 1718, and over two hundred thousand of them came to America, mostly through the ports of Boston, Charleston, New-Castle, and Philadelphia. From 1771 to 1773, more than twenty-five thousand had arrived. They were not very well received by any of the inhabitants in America at that time, and for many years they could not get along with the English settlers, who themselves had come over here to escape persecution. Today, many of the great men of America trace their descent back to these Scotch-Irish immigrants who had such a hard time getting established here.

Just when the Gilmour-Gilmore ancestors emigrated from Scotland to Ulster, Ireland, is not known, but it was at an early date. As most of the records in Ireland were destroyed during the many civil wars, and record keeping in Scotland wasn't any too good at that time, probably no definite dates will ever be known. The vital records of Ulster, Ireland, at the time of the Protestant migration to America, are very meager, and in Coleraine, Londonderry County, Ireland, records begin with the year 1769.

It is known that the Gilmour-Gilmores were in Edinburghshire and other parts of Scotland before the year 1600. They possessed the Barony of Gilmour. The Castle of Craigmillar in Edinburgh, was purchased by Sir Thomas Gilmour, the great lawyer, and occupied by his descendants. Sir Simon Preston owned it from 1574 until about the time of the Revolution, when it came into possession of the Gilmours. The castle was often used as a royal residence. Here, John, Earl of Mar, younger brother of James III, was imprisoned in 1477, and gotten rid of by the King by having a vein opened so he bled to death. Queen Mary had also resided there many times. The Craigmillar line of Gilmours, it is understood, has died out and the title is now dormant. Most of the American Gilmores descended from those who emigrated to Ulster, Ireland. Those who settled in Londonderry, New Hampshire, in April 1719, were said to have arrived in Boston, Mass. on August 4, 1718, on the Brigantine ROBERT, under the command of James Ferguson. The immigrants of 1718 came largely from the Bann River Valley in Ulster, Ireland. The families of Ulster were closely allied.

ORIGIN OF THE SURNAME

In the Highlands of Scotland, when the clan system existed, until the abolition of the heritable jurisdiction in 1747, the Bards preserved the genealogies and traditions of their chiefs orally, with an account of the family traditions and achievements from generation to generation.

The introduction of surnames into Scotland dates from the reign of King Malcolm III (Canmore) (1057-1093), during the second half of the eleventh century. It wasn't until the nineteenth century, in Scotland, that wives adopted their husband's surname upon marriage, if they so desired. The custom came from England, and there wasn't any reason why a man should not assume his wife's surname on marriage, if he so desired.

The spelling of Scotch names, and Scots heraldry, is all governed by the Lord Lyon, King of Arms. It has been decreed that the correct Scotch spelling of the Surname is Gilmour, and the correct English spelling, Gilmore.

The Gilmour-Gilmore surname is of very ancient Scots origin, meaning "Great Servant," "Henchman of a Chief," or "Armour Bearer," so-called on account of their being stockily built and of more than ordinary height. "Gilmore" is the Gaelic form of "Morrison" (Mac-Gille-Mhoire). The Gilmores became a Sept of the Morrison Clan, which is said to be of Scandinavian extraction. The Gilmores, being a Sept of the Morrison Clan, wear the Morrison tartan.

Clan Septs were of two classes; clansmen of the clan, who were related to the chief by blood and who formed separate branches of the clan; and "broken men," or the individuals or groups from other clans who sought, and obtained, protection of the Clan. This resulted in a clan having septs of different surnames.

The Septs of the Morrison Clan were Brieve, Gilmore, Gilmour, Judge, Mac-Brieve, and Morison.

The Morrison Clan held the hereditary brieveship (Judge) of the Island of Lewis, in the Hebrides, or Western Islands, having had the northern end of the island. They shared Lewis with their earliest neighbors, the MacLeods and Mac-Aulays. They took their name from a chief Maurice, after being earlier known as MacGilmore from some "son of a devotee of Mary," but the change occurred before the Reformation.

In 1598, the Island of Lewis was granted to Lowland "Adventurers," but in 1601 they were defeated. In 1605 colonization was again attempted, then in 1607, MacKenzie of Kintail, acquired it. Due to accusations against them by the Government, the members of the MacLeod Clan of Lewis, many of the Morrison Clan removed to the mainland. On the abolition of the brieveship in the seventeenth century, the Morrisons gravitated to the Church. A branch of the family in Harris were celebrated smiths and armorers.

GILMOUR - GILMORE ARMORIAL BEARINGS

SCOTLAND

One of the old Gilmour - Gilmore coats-of-arms was azure, three writing pens feathered argent.

The latest correction of the arms of Gilmour-Gilmore of Craigmillar, Edinburghshire, Scotland, in Burke's GENERAL ARMORY, is:

Arms: Azure, a chevron between two fleurs-de-lys in chief or, and a writing pen (quill), full-feathered, in base argent.

Crest: A garland of laurel proper.

Motto: Perseveranti dabitur.

Tinctures: The shield is of blue.
The chevron is of gold.
The fleurs-de-lys are of gold.
The quill is of silver.
The mantle and wreath are of blue and gold.
The laurel garland is of green.

NOTES: Several variations have been used by the one family. Three fleurs-de-lys have been used in place of the two in chief, and another form showed three quills. The name in more recent times has been written "Gilmore," particularly by the lines that settled in Ireland, and now represented in the United States.

GILMER and GILMOUR. Scotland. A dexter hand holding a scroll of paper within a garland of laurel proper. Nil penna sed usus.

GILMORE, and GILMOUR. Scotland. A dexter arm from the shoulder vested azure branishing a sword proper.

GILMOUR, Allan, Esquire, of Eaglesham, Renfrewshire, Scotland. A dexter hand fesseways couped holding a writing pen proper. Nil penna sed usus.

GILMOUR, Sir John, Bart., of Lundin, & Montrave, Fifeshire, & or South Walton, Renfrewshire: A dexter hand fesseways couped holding a writing pen proper. Nil penna sed usus.

GILMOUR, of Townsend, Lanarkshire. An old Gothic window, proper. In limine embule.

GILMOUR, of Craigmillar, Scotland. A garland of laurel proper. Perseveranti dabitur.

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IRISH COATS-OF-ARMS

The Gilmore or Gilmer Family, is descended from Milesius, King of Spain, through the line of his son Ir. The founder of the family was Laoiseach Mean More, son of Conal Yearnach, the famous warrior. The ancient name was Guilla More, and signifies "The Great Boy."

The possessions of the Clan in Ireland were situated in the present county of Donegal, and in the counties of Down and Antrim, where they held the districts of the great Ards. The principal native families of this district, in which many English and Scotch had settled, were the O'Nials, the McDunlevys, McGennises, McCartans, and McGilmores.

Of this family was the late Patrick Sarsfield Gilmore, of New York, the eminent musician and bandmaster.

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THE NEW HAMPSHIRE LINE OF GILMORES,
WHICH DESCENDED FROM ROBERT AND
MARY ANN (KENNEDY) GILMORE,
WHO CAME TO AMERICA WITH
THE SCOTCH-IRISH ON
AUGUST 4, 1718.

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1. ROBERT GILMORE[1].

Born near Coleraine, Londonderry County, Ulster, Ireland, about 1670; died in Jaffrey, New Hampshire, in 1750, age 80.

On _____(in Ulster, Ireland, so far as known), married to Mary Ann Kennedy, born on _____died on_____. It is assumed she died in Ulster, Ireland, as no records have been found of her arrival or death in America.

Both were of Scotch-Irish descent.

He came to America with the Scotch-Irish, who arrived in Boston, Mass. on August 4, 1718, the traditional arrival of the Londonderry, N. H. Scotch-Irish, and from Boston, about 1719, he removed to Nutfield (now Londonderry) N. H. As smallpox had broken out on board the ships, it is probable that the family was detained in Boston for the winter.

At an early date the eastern half of David Cargill's lot in the Three-Quarter-Mile Range was sold to Robert Gilmore.

On March 23, 1724, David Cargill deeded Lot of 70 acres to Robert Gilmore for the site of a fulling mill. This lot was north of his son William's lot in the same Range, and near Beaver Pond. His son was one of the original proprietors of Londonderry, N. H., with two shares.

When the Town Clerk of Londonderry, N. H. first opened his books, in the historical statement he mentions James, Robert, and William Gilmore as being among the first settlers.

On October 7, 1727, Robert took the Provincial Oaths, according to an Act of Parliament.

At a Proprietory meeting held in Londonderry, N. H. on April 17, 1729, the question was taken up to acquit old Robert Gilmore and his son John from paying rates.

At a Proprietory meeting held on June 23, 1729, it was voted that the Selectmen had no authority to acquit Robert Gilmore and his son John from paying rates. It would appear from this, that both of them were in financial trouble.

CHILDREN:

2. WILLIAM b. About 1686, in Ulster, Ireland.
d. May 9, 1753, age 67, Londonderry, N. H.
m. Before 1720 to Elizabeth _____
b.
d.
No record of her death.
Children: William, b. Oct. 1, 1721; Robert, b. 1724; Jean, b. 1726; James, b. 1728; Mary, b. 1730/31.

CHILDREN: (cont.)

3. ROBERT b. About 1700, in Ulster, Ireland.
d. Sept. 3, 1782, age 83*
1st m. _____, Ann _____
b.
d. Before 1734.
2nd m. , Elizabeth _____
b. 1713
d. Sept. 1, 1783, age 70*
Children, 1st m.: James, b. 1731; Elizabeth, b. 1733;
Children, 2nd m.: John, b. 1737; Rodger, 1739; Mirem, b. 1742; Jamima, b. 1744; Robert, b. 1749; William, b. 1751, d. 1831.

4. JOHN b. About 1701, in Ulster, Ireland.
d.
Last town record of him was in 1762.
Unmarried.

5. JAMES (Captain) b. About 1702, in Ulster, Ireland.
d. June 1, 1758, age 56, in Windham, N. H.
1st m. About 1720 to Jean Baptiste.
b.
d. 1746
2nd m. , Margaret _____
b. 1691
d. Jan. 8, 1775, age 84
Buried in Windham, N. H. Tombstone records: Capt. James Gilmore, d. June 1, 1758 in the 56th year. Margaret, his wife, died Jan. 8, 1775, in her 84th year.
In 1750 he was called a "wheelwright."
He lived in Windham, N. H. during the last years of his life, near the Abbot Farm, in the Range.
Children, 1st m.: Joan, b. 1721; Margaret, b. 1724; John, b. 1726; Jonathan, b. 1728/9; Elizabeth, b. 1730/1.
Children, 2nd m., if any, would be listed in Windham, N. H. records.

* Tombstone records.

2. WILLIAM GILMORE[2] - Robert[1].

Born near Coleraine, Londonderry County, Ulster, Ireland, about 1686; died in Londonderry, N. H. on May 9, 1753, age 67, and buried in the Forest Hill Cemetery, Derry, N. H.

Some time before 1721, married Elizabeth _____, who evidently did not come to America and died in Ulster, Ireland, as no records of her death in America.

In a schedule of names of the Proprietors of Nutfield (now Londonderry), N. H., dated June 22, 1722, appears the name of William Gilmore (2 shares).

He owned a 50-acre farm in the Three-Quarter Mile Range of Nutfield (now Londonderry) N. H., laid out in 1720, and recorded June 1, 1722. The road running thru the western end was laid out on February 18, 1724, and the road running north of his farm was laid out on February 17, 1725.

At a general town meeting on July 2, 1720, it was voted that Hugh Montgomery should be asked whether he intended to come to Londonderry and make a settlement of half of Capt. Wainwright's lot. On June 19, 1721, Montgomery refused to settle on the terms offered, and the half-lot was auctioned off and sold to William Gilmore and James Rogers, and Samuel Moore advanced ten shillings for them.

On March 24, 1721/22, it was voted by a committee that William Gilmore should have his meadow in the white rock meadow.

On October 7, 1727, William Gilmore took the Provincial Oaths, according to an Act of Parliament.

At a general tow n meeting of the Proprietors, freeholders, and inhabitants of Londonderry, N. H., held on March 5, 1734/5, William Gilmore was appointed as one of the Surveyors of Highways.

CHILDREN:

6. William — b. October 1, 1721, Londonderry, N. H.
d. March 3, 1747, age 26*
Unmarried.

7. ROBERT — b. May 23, 1724, Londonderry, N. H.
d.
m.
b.
d.

* A tombstone in the Forest Hill Cemetery, E. Derry, N. H. states he was the son of John Gilmore, instead of William Gilmore. John Gilmore had no son William, according to the Londonderry, N. H. Vital Records, but William did.

CHILDREN: (cont.)

JEAN b. July 23, 1726, Londonderry, N. H.
d.
m. Dec. 23, 1749, Joseph Caldwell.
b.
d.

8. JAMES b. August 10, 1728, Londonderry, N. H.
d. Some time before 1804*
M. bans. Oct. 15, 1749, in Pelham, N. H.
m. Dec. 26, 1749, to Mary Crow, of Methuen, Mass.
b.
d.
Children: William, b. 1750, d. 1753; James, b. 1752, d. 1829; Mary, b. 1755; William b. 1758; Elizabeth, b. 1760; Thomas, b. 1763; Edmund, b. 1765, d. 1846.

MARY b. January 8, 1730/31, Londonderry, N. H.
d. 1815, Belfast, Maine.
m. , John Brown, Belfast, Me.
b. 1732
d. May 13, 1817, Belfast, Me.

* A Frank Storey Osgood, in his compilation of a genealogy of a Robert and James Gilmore, stated that James[8] above died in 1765, which is wrong, as will be seen by this genealogy. James removed from Pelham, N. H. to Murrayfield (now Chester) Mass. about 1763, so he could not have died in Pelham in 1765.

8. JAMES GILMORE[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Londonderry, N. H. on August 10, 1728; died some time before 1804 in or near Chester, Mass.

On December 26, 1749, he married Mary Crow, in Methuen, Mass., marriage bans were published in Pelham, N. H. on October 15, 1749. No records have been found as to Mary's date of birth, death, or names of her parents. She probably died in or near Blandford, Mass. There is record of a re-marriage of a Mrs. Mary Gilmore in Blandford, Mass., to Solomon Stewart, on March 5, 1804, but it is not known whether it was Mary (Crow) Gilmore.

James Gilmore removed from Pelham, N. H. about 1768, as his name is in the Murrayfield (now Chester), Mass. Assessment Roll for April 19, 1768, showing him to have been an early settler; homestead a mile above Huntington Village, buildings gone in 1811. His name also appears on the old Assessment Roll of Murrayfield (now Chester), Mass. in 1773.

Murrayfield (now Chester), Mass., in Hampden County, was incorporated on October 31, 1765. Huntington, Hampshire County, Mass., was formerly Chester Village. Pelham, N. H. was incorporated in 1746, and before the boundary line changes between Massachusetts and New Hampshire in 1741, the town of Pelham was in Mass. The present town of Pelham, Mass., was first mentioned in the Records of the State on Jan. 15, 1743, and there was a James Gilmore and family residing there, who may, or may not, be related closely to the James Gilmore who came from Pelham, N. H.

Part of Murrayfield was established as the District of Norwich on June 29, 1773. On May 8, 1781, part was annexed to Norwich. On February 21, 1783, the name of Murrayfield was changed to Chester. On August 23, 1775, the District of Norwich was made a town by General Act. On November 28, 1780, part was included in the new town of Montgomery. On May 8, 1781, part of Murrayfield was annexed. On March 6, 1792, part was annexed to Montgomery. On February 22, 1794, part was annexed to Chesterfield. On May 23, 1853, parts of Blandford and Chester annexed. On March 9, 1855, the name was changed to Huntington. As Murrayfield, Norwich, Montgomery, Huntington, Blandford, and Chester, were continually changing boundaries and names, and not all in the same county either, a person looking up records will have quite a time getting their ancestors properly located, according to town names as presently used.

In 1811, according to "History of the Connecticut Valley in Massachusetts," a James, Edmund and William Gilmore left Chester, Mass. by ox team for the West, a large gathering saw the colony start. General (Quincy) Adams Gillmore, of the Army, was from this family. Traditions of the Edmund Gilmore family do not confirm this. It was Edmund Gilmore and his son Aretus, and Edmund's nephew, Ashbel Gilmore, who first went west in 1811, making the entire journey of about 600 miles on foot. Upon arrival in Black River (now Lorain, Ohio), Ashbel did not like it there and removed to what is now Chesterland, Geauga County, Ohio, and settled. His father, James Gilmore, and the rest of his family, coming there in 1812. If, as stated in the History of the Connecticut Valley, Edmund's brother William came west, he must of stopped off enroute, as there are no records available of his arrival in what is now Lorain or Geauga Counties, Ohio.

CHILDREN: (All born in Pelham, N. H.)

WILLIAM b. November 14, 1750.
d. Sept. 20, 1753, age 2 y. 10 m.

9. JAMES b. November 14, 1752.
d. Jan. 30, 1829, Chesterland, Geauga Co., O.
m. , to Nancy _____
b. 1756
d. Nov. 10, 1833, Chesterland, Geauga Co., O.
He was a Private in the Rev. War, and was theprogenitor of the Gilmores in Geauga Coun ty, O.
Children: Silas, b. 1774; Mary, b. 1778, d. 1846; Susanna, b. 1781; Samuel, b. 1783; Ashbel, b. 1785, d. 1860; Asa, b. 1788; James, b. 1790, d. 1868; Nancy, b. 1794, d. 1863; Reuben, b. 1796; Patty, b. 1800.

MARY b. July 19, 1755.
d. July 17, 1825.
m. , to Charles Culver.
b. 1751.
d. May 22, 1825.
About 1784, Charles Culver bought a 50-acre lot near Huntington, Mass. from Wm. Stewart.
Census for the year 1800, in Chester, Mass., shows he had 1 boy under 10; 1 boy 10 and under 14; 2 boys 16 and under 26; 2 girls of 10 and under 16.
The marriages of some of the Culvers of Blandford, Mass. are shown in the Vital Records of Chester, Mass., but no births.

10. WILLIAM b. April 3, 1758.
d.
m. April 22, 1780, to Jerusha Stewart, of Blandford, Mass.
b. Sept. 11, 1764, Blandford, Mass.
d. Still alive in 1788*
The 1790 Census, town of Chester, Mass., shows him as having 4 boys under 16, and 1 female.
He was a Rev. War soldier, "Wm. Gilmore, of Blandford. Pvt. Capt. Reuben Munn's Co.; Col. Nicholas Dike's Rgt.; return for travel allowance, etc., dated Roxbury, Sept. 17, 1776; also, same company and regiment pay abstract for travel allowances, etc., dated Boston, Nov. 26, 1776."

* Jerusha was still alive in 1788 as Mr. Frank Fixh of Hempstead, L.I., N. Y., has an original letter from her addressed to Rachel Stewart (Jehiel Stewart's wife) dated Blandford, Mass., May 5, 1788.

CHILDREN: (cont.)

ELIZABETH b. May 26, 1760
d.
m. April 5, 1785, to Nathan Cannon.
b. Dec. 2, 1759, Blandford, Mass.
d. 1846.
Children: Israel (Colonel, War 1812); Sallie; Sylvester; Artemesia; Olive; Salomie; Nathan; Tryphena.

11. THOMAS b. February 28, 1763.
d.
m. , Nancy _____
b.
d.
Children: Harriet, b. 1798; Darius, b. 1800; Alma, b. 1802 d. 1803; Giles D., b. (in Becket) May 4, 1804.
There is a Darius Gilmore buried in the old cemetery in Rochester, Lorain County, Ohio, showing he died Aug. 23, 1858, age 58. He was an early settler there and gave the land for site of the Independent Baptist Church. No records could be found positively identifying him as the son of Thomas, but all evidence seems to confirm he was.

12. EDMUND b. September 28, 1765.
d. April 9, 1846, Lorain, Lorain Co., Ohio.
m. January 4, 1789, Elizabeth Stewart.
b. Sept. 10, 1769, Blandford, Mass.
d. Feb. 22, 1844, Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio.
They were the progenitors of the Gilmore-Gillmore line of Lorain County, Ohio.
Edmund came to what is now Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, in 1811.
Children: Quartus, b. 1790, d. 1869; Aretus, b. 1792, d. 1855; Orrin, b. 1794, d. 1864; Simon, b. 1796, d. 1832; Truman, b. 1798, d. 1880; Reuben, about 1800, d. young; Roxana, b. 1803; Alanson, b. 1805, d. 1895; Edmund II, b. 1808, d. 1881; James Madison, b. 1811.

EDMUND GILMORE I[12] LINE

12. EDMUND GILMORE[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Pelham, New Hampshire, on September 28, 1765; died in Black River (now Lorain) Ohio, on April 9, 1846, He was about six foot tall, stocky build, high, prominent cheek bones, deep set eyes, thick head of hair, large mouth and high upper lip. No beard on upper lip, but beard on lower jaw followed lower edge of jaw from ear lobe and extending out about eight inches on point of lower jaw, and only half-way up on lower jaw. From photo it looks either light gray or white. Photo, a tintype, was probably taken in Chester, Mass. before coming to Lorain, Ohio in 1811.

On June 4, 1789, he was married in Blandford, Mass. to Elizabeth Stewart, youngest daughter of Paul and Jerusha (Spencer) Stewart; granddaughter of Walter and Grizel (Crombie) Stewart, the emigrant ancestors in 1718. Walter Stewart claimed to be a cousin of Gilbert Stuart, the famous portrait painter, and research so far in re the Stewarts tends to show they were descended from one of the five natural sons of Prince Alexander, fourth son of Robert II, the founder of the Royal House of Stuart. Jerusha Spencer, who married Paul Stewart, was the only daughter of Daniel and Elizabeth (Stiles) Spencer; granddaughter of Samuel and Elizabeth (Mascraft) Spencer, of Suffield, Conn. Samuel Spencer was the son of Sgt. Thomas Spencer and Sarah (Bearding) Spencer; Thomas was a founder of the City of Hartford, Conn.

Elizabeth Stewart was born in Blandford, Mass., on September 10, 1769, and died in Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, on February 22, 1844, and both Edmund and Elizabeth are buried in the Cleveland Avenue Cemetery, Amherst, Lorain County, Ohio, in which many of the old settlers of Lorain, Ohio, are buried. Family tradition has it that they resided in Chester, Mass. and that their children were all born there, but the Vital Records of Chester, Mass. only show a young boy, thought to have been named "Reuben", named in a statement left by Alanson Gilmore, son of Edmund, before he died. The records of James Gilmore, brother of Edmund, are shown for Chester, Mass. The records were probably recorded in the Old First Church of Blandford, Mass., as on September 21, 1796, Edmund Gilmore and six others, are shown as renting Pew #24, his name being shown as "Edward," as he was usually called "Ed."

Just previous to their leaving Massachusetts for the Western Reserve in 1811, there was a church feud, which resulted in the organization of the Baptist Church, with Edmund and his brother James Gilmore among the incorporators.

In 1811, according to The History of the Connecticut Valley In Massachusetts, "James, Edmund and William Gilmore left Chester, Mass. by ox team for the West, a large gathering saw the colony start." "General (Quincy Adams) Gillmore, of the Army, was from this family."

Traditions of the Gilmore family do not confirm all this. It was Edmund Gilmore and his son Aretus, and Edmund's nephew Ashbel Gilmore, who first went West in 1811, making the entire journey of about 600 miles on foot. Ashbel later settled in Chesterland, Geauga County, Ohio. His father, James Gilmore, with the rest of his family, came to Chesterland in 1812. If, as stated above, Edmund's brother William Gilmore came West, he must of stopped off enroute, as there are no records of his having arrived in what is now known as Lorain or Geauga Counties, Ohio.

The Connecticut Land Company began colonization of Northwestern Ohio in 1796, and continued until 1809, then the Erie Company, a subsidiary group of land owners, was active until 1812.

In 1786, the land was known as the Connecticut Reserve. The Northwest Territory was organized in 1787, and in order to be able to give a clear title to lands, the State of Connecticut quit-claimed allits rights and gave them to the Northwest Territory in 1800.

The Wyandot and Seneca Indians were in this vicinity in 1800, and were allied with the British. The Erie Tribe was practically exterminated in the Indian Wars.

In 1803, the State of Ohio was formed. A Road Map of Ohio in 1810, shows no roads west of Cleveland, Ohio, only a good Indian Trail running along the south shore of Lake Erie to the west.

The War of 1812 involved this section of Ohio, and many settlers left temporarily, but the Gilmores remained on their land.

Black River Township was originated in 1817, and included Amherst, and Brownhelm Townships. By a survey in 1806, Black River (Town #7 in the 18th Range) was divided into three parts, Gore #1, Tract #2, and Gore #3. It was not drawn as a township, but was used for equalizing purposes, Gore #1 being annexed to Olmstead, Tract #2 to Amherst, and Gore #3 to Township of Medina.

In 1818, all land now in Lorain County was then in the counties of Huron, Cuyahoga and Medina.

Edmund Gilmore owned about 1,000 acres in Lot #22, most of it in Amherst and Black River Townships.

Lorain County was formed by Act of December 22, 1822, but not organized until 1833. It was named after the Provence of Lorraine, France. It was composed of parts of Huron, Cuyahoga and Medina Counties.

Edmund Gilmore built a log cabin on his land upon arrival, and after a home was ready, he left his son Aretus in charge, and returned to Chester, Mass, for the rest of his family, returning w ith them by ox team in June 1812. They lived on this farm for the rest of their lives.

Edmund built the first frame barn in Lorain County, Ohio.

The first election for township officers was held in the home of Justice of the Peace, John S. Reid, on April 17, 1817, and Edmund was one of two Judges of the Election. He was also elected one of two Overseers of the Poor.

The first school in Black River Township, Lorain County, Ohio, was opened at an undetermined date, in an unoccupied cabin belonging to Edmund Gilmore, the teacher being David Smith, of Amherst, Ohio. The first school house was erected shortly after on the farm of William Martin, the first school being taught by Lucia Smith, sister of David Smith. Schools were then maintained by private subscription, as the State had no general education laws until 1825.

Both the Stewarts and the Gilmores were of Scotch descent, coming by way of Ulster, Ireland, and known as Scotch-Irish.

CHILDREN: (All born in Chester, Mass.)

13. Quartus b. July 1, 1790.
d. April 29, 1869.
m. Jan. 29, 1824, Mrs. Elizabeth (Reid) Smith.
b. Nov. 11, 1797
d. Feb. 13, 1876.
They were the progenitors of this line of Gilmores that used, for the most part, the obsolete spelling of two ells in the name. This branch furnished many Army officers, i.e., Major General Quincy Adams Gillmore, USA, of Civil War fame; Major General Quincy Adams Gillmore, New Jersey Organized Reserve, USA.; Brigadier General William Eugene Gillmore, AF., USA.; Brigadier General William Nelson Gillmore, USA.,; Colonel Quincy o'Maher Gillmore, USA.;
The given name of Quartus is found in the Bible, Romans 16.23.
Children: Quincy Adams, b. 1825, d. 1888; Edmund II, b. 1833, d. 1902; Alice L., b. 1836, d. 1893; Quartus J., b. 1839, d. 1897; Cornelius Reid, b. 1841, d. 1911; Sophia, b. ___; Elizabeth, b. ____; Roxana, b. ____.

14. ARETUS b. September 7, 1792.
d. November 29, 1855, Amherst, Lorain County, Ohio.
m. August 25, 1817, Orra Nichols.
b. Oct. 7, 1800, Berkshire Co., Mass.
d. Sept. 22, 1885, Brownhelm, Ohio.
She married, 2nd, Alva Hemenway, widower, date of birth and death unknown. He disappeared a few years after marriage, and she resumed the name of Gilmore.
The marriage of Aretus and Orra was the first in this part of the Western Reserve.
The name "Aretus" is used in Cabalistic angelology, one of the seven spirits presiding over the waters, under Michael, the arch prince.
"Orra" in Gaelic, means odd, or unmatched. It is though her real name was "Aurelia," and called Orra for short.
Children, 1st m.; Emiline, b. 1818, d. 1892; Linus, b. 1820; died 1855; Reuben W., b. 1822, d. ____; Dennis, b. 1824, d. 1910; Aurelia, b. 1826, d. 1901; THuman, b. 1827, d. 1883; Mary L., b. 1829, d. 1886; Almira, b. 1831, d. 1832; Lovina, b. 1833, d. 1835; Elizabeth, b. 1835, d. 1836; Spencer, b. 1837, d. ____; Eveline, b. 1840, d. 1912; Sarah Rodella, b. 1846, d. 1926.

15. ORRIN B. 1794
d. Feb. 10, 1864, in Cuyahoga County, Ohio.
No further data.

CHILDREN: (cont.)

16. SIMON b. 1796
d. July 9, 1832, during the cholera epidemic, in Detroit, Mich.
He was a ship's carpenter.

17. TRUMAN b. October 25, 1798.
d. Dec. 25, 1880, Lorain, Ohio.
m. , Martha Levina Messenger, native of Berkshire Co., Mass.
b. 1809
d. 1897, Lorain, O.
Children: Martha Angelina; George W.

"REUBEN" ? b.
d. Shown in Vital Records of Chester, Mass. as having died "About middle of Sept. 1802", under caption "Gilmore, _____young child of Edmund. 1st Cong. Church Rec." During that year there was a severe epidemic there and 53 persons died.

ROXANA b. Feb. 9, 1803.
d.
m. , Robert Wright.
b.
d.
Removed to Oregon and never heard from again.

18. ALANSON b. April 12, 1803.
d. Feb. 1, 1895.
1st m. Nov. 23, 1835, Eveline Canfield Jones, of Conn.
b. Oct. 10, 1816
d. Oct. 5, 1850.
2nd m. Feb. 10, 1858, Mrs. Emma Lynch.
b. 1823.
d. Jan. 4, 1863
3rd m. June 5, 1863, Mrs. Sarah B. (Burnham) Bankson, of Manter, N.H.
b. July 12, 1819
d. Oct. 23, 1897.
Children, 1st m.: Adelaide E., b. 1833, d. 1915; Simon Alanson, b. 1835, d. 1908; Joel Madison, b. 18__, d. 1886; Byron A., b. 1842, d. 1907; Fannie McQueen, b. 1846, d. 1933;

19. EDMUND II b. 1808.
d. March 13, 1881, in Minnesota.
m. , Mary Maria _____
b. 1816
d. Oct. 9, 1885, age 69
Edmund went west in early days and there was no further record until 1941, when a granddaughter enquired in re their family history in Lorain, Ohio.
Child: Mark Antony Gilmore.

CHILDREN: (cont.)

20. JAMES MADISON b. 1811
d.
m. March 10, 1850, Mary Ellen Mapes
b. June 12, 1828
d. Sept. 20, 1851, age 23
Child: James Madison, Jr. who was cremated after death and ashes buried in same grave with his mother in Cleveland Ave. Cemetery, Amherst, Ohio. He was born four days before his mother died.

QUARTUS GILLMORE[13] LINE

13. QUARTUS GILLMORE[13] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Chester, Mass., on July 1, 1790, and died in Lorain, Ohio, on April 29, 1869, age 79.

Married on January 29, 1824, to Mrs. Elizabeth (Reid) Smith, widow of Heath Smith, whom she married at the age of 16. She was the daughter of John S. and ANNA (Schuyler) Reid, of Lorain, Ohio. Elizabeth was also called "Betsey," and was born in Essex County, _____, on November 11, 1797, and died in Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, on February 13, 1876. Both are buried in the Cleveland Ave. Cemetery, Amherst, Lorain County, Ohio.

Quartus, and most of his descendants, used the obsolete spelling of the surname Gillmore, but the rest of the family usedthe approved Scottish spelling "Gilmore."

Quartus came to Lorain (then Black River), Ohio, when the rest of the family was brought there in 1812, by his father on his second trip from Mass. Edmund, Sr., and his son Aretus, together with Edmund's nephew, Ashbel Gilmore, first came to Lorain, Ohio, in 1811, and established a home on the lake shore west of Lorain, Ohio.

In the first election in Black River Township for township office rs on April 17, 1817, Quartus was one of three elected for Trustees.

At the election of State and County Officers on October 14, 1817, he was one of 17 voters.

At the election held on April 5, 1830, he was appointed one of three Judges of the Election, and also was elected as one of the three Trustees.

Both he and his wife were Protestants.

The origin of the name "Quartus" is in the Bible, in Romans 16.23.

CHILDREN:

21. QUINCY ADAMS (Mjr.Genl.USA)
b. February 25, 1825, Lorain, Ohio.
d. April 7, 1888, Brooklyn, N. Y.
1st. m. 1849, Mary Isabel O'Maher.
b. 1823
d. January 21, 1861.*
2nd.m. November 6, 1872, Mrs. Laura (Merrifield) Bragg, in Brooklyn, N.Y.
b.
d. July 15, 1915 in Laurel, N.Y. *
Children, 1st m.: Quincy O'Maher, b. 1850, d. 1923; Edward DeBussy, b. 1852; William Budd, b. 1854, d. 1916; Mary Isabella, b. 1856; Gregory Richard, b. 1858, d. 1916.
Children, 2nd m. None.

* According to records in The National Archives, Washington, D.C., Aug. 28, 1941.

CHILDREN: (cont.)

22. EDMUND III
b. February 10, 1833, Black River Twp., Lorain Co, Ohio.
d. November 27, 1902, Lorain, Ohio.
m. 1858, Adelaide E. Gillmore, his cousin.
b. November 22, 1833, Black River Twp., Lorain Co., O.
d. July 19, 1915, age 82, Lorain, Ohio.
Child: Quincy Alanson, b. 1859, d. 1923.

ALICE L.
b. 1836, Black River,Twp., Lorain Co., O.
d. Jan. 5, 1893, Lorain, Ohio.
m. June 21, 1853, James Connolly, of Canada.
b. Nov. 9, 1828
d.
Children: Alice M.; James Q.; Eugene; Frank L.; Clara and Carrie, twins.
He was appointed keeper of the Lorain Lighthouse in Pres. Grant's Administration, and was first light keeper after a wooden lighthouse was built. He served from 1899 to 1903. The first light burned lard oil and later kerosene, then about 1932, was electrified.
James was slim built with a long, bushy beard from below ear lobes and about 10" long. Had a trimmed upper lip beard.

23. QUARTUS J.
b. May 26, 1839, Black River Twp., Lorain Co., Ohio.
d. Sept. 23, 1897, Lorain, Ohio.
m. May 15, 1859, Mary Jane Fitzgerald.
b. June 7, 1837, Manchester, Michigan.
d. March 21, 1915, age 78, in Lorain, Ohio.
Children: Neddie E.; Quartus Almond; Willie H.; Mary Isabel, b. 1866, d. 1949; Theodore Roy, b. 1869, d. 1927; William Eugene, b. 1876, d. 1948 (Brigadier General, A.F., USA).

24. CORNELIUS REID
b. 1841, Black River Twp., Lorain Co., Ohio.
d. 1911, age 70.
m. , Ann Fitzgerald.
b. 1840
d. 1914, age 74, Lake Helen, Florida.
Children: Mary Elizabeth, b. 1860; Mills B., b. ____; Roxana, b. 1866, d. 1944; Frances R. ____; Bessie, b. ___;

SOPHIA
b. , Black River Twp., Lorain Co., O.
d.
m. Feb. 8, 1849, Daniel S. Leslie.
b.
d.
In 1879, resided in Northport, Michigan.

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CHILDREN: (cont.)

ELIZABETH b. , Black River Twp., Lorain Co., O.
d.
1st m. , James Sinnot.
b.
d.
2nd m. , William Prince
b.
d.
Children, 1st m.: Celia; Agnes.
2nd m.: Not known

ROXANA b. , Black River Twp., Lorain Co., O.
d.
m. , A. B. Spooner
b.
d.
Children: Not known.

21. QUINCY ADAMS GILLMORE[21] - Quartus[13] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Black River (now Lorain), Ohio, on February 25, 1825, on a farm, part of which is now (1953) a public park and bathing beach west of Lorain, Ohio, and the approximate site of his birthplace has been marked by the Daughters of the American Revolution. He died in Brooklyn, N. Y. on April 7, 1888, age 63, and he and his first wife are buried at West Point, N. Y. He was considered as one of the most handsome officers in the Army during the Civil War period. He was tall, and stockily built, with the usual style of mustaches for that period, bushy whiskers alonglower jaw bone and small mustache on upper lip.

He was educated at the Norwalk Academy and the Elyria High School, then studied medicine with Dr. Samuel Strong for a while. In 1843 he entered the West Point Military Academy and graduated in 1849 at the head of his class.

He married, first, on _____1849, at West Point, N. Y., to Mary Isabel O'Maher, only daughter of the then West Point Military Academy Treasurer of Cadets. She was born on _____1823, and died on January 21, 1861.

He married, second, on November 6, 1872, to Mrs. Laura (Merrifield) Bragg, in Brooklyn, N. Y., born on _____and died on July 15, 1915 in Laurel, N. Y. and buried with her first husband, Alexis Bragg, who died on February 1, 1871. There were no children by her second marriage.

He entered the army as a Brevet Second Lieutenant of Engineers; served three years as assistant in the construction of the defenses at Hampton Roads, Va., returning to West Point in 1852, as Instructor in Military Engineering. In July 1856, he was promoted to be First Lieutenant and placed in charge of the Engineers' Agency at New York. Promoted to Captain in August 1861, and made Chief Engineer in the Port Royal Expedition under Brigadier General T. W. Sherman. After a careful reconnaissance of Fort Pulaski, Georgia, Captain Gillmore reported that he deemed the reduction of that work practicable by batteries of bombs and rifled guns established on Tybee Island, one mile distant from the Fort. He was at once placed in command of the troops engaged in the siege. After nearly two months of incessant labor, Ft. Pulaski was completely invested and the Savannah River blockaded. On the evening of April 9th, General Gillmore (then an acting Brigadier General) issued his orders for bombardment. On the 10th, the commander of Fort Pulaski, having refused to surrender, the bombardment was commenced at 8:15 a.m., continuing with little cessation until 2 p.m. of the 11th, when the white flag was raised from the Fort, and the surrender was finished that afternoon and evening. At that time 700 yards from a target was considered required distance for good howitzer fire, but General Gillmore was a full mile from the fort.

In August 1862 he was assigned to command of the division of troops in Kentucky. He defeated General Pegram at the Battle of Somerset, for which service he was breveted a Colonel. In June 1863 he was called to command the Department of the South, and in July following, the 10th Army Corps. It was while holding this command that he conducted the operations against Charleston, comprising the descent on Morris Island, the reduction and capture of Fort Wagner, and the bombardment and practical demolition of Fort Sumter from batteries two miles distant. The General-in-Chief (Halleck), in speaking of this siege, said that General Gillmore used great professional skill and boldness, had overcome difficulties almost unknown in modern war sieges, and that his operations at Morris Island established a new era in the science of engineering and gunnery. General Gillmore made use of a huge 10-ton gun known as the "Swamp Angel." Its projectile weighed 150#.

He was transferred to the James River in 1864, in command of the 10th Army Corps, and was engaged on May 13th in the assault in front of Drury's Bluff, and on May 16that the Battle of Drury's Bluff. Summoned to Washington in July, on the approach of General Early, he commanded two divisions of the 19th Army Corps in the defense of that city, and in the subsequent pursuit of Early's command, during which he received severe injuries by falling from a horse. From February to November 1865, he commanded the Department of the South, resigning his voluntary commission in December 1865. After the war he was assigned to duty in charge of fortifications on the Atlantic Coast, from New York to Florida, being also associated w ith the improvement of rivers and harbors on the coasts of South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida.

In June 1863, he was promoted to be Major; on January 1874 to be Lieutenant Colonel, and in February 1885 to be Colonel of the Corps of Engineers. In July 1879 he was appointed President of the Mississippi River Commission. For gallant conduct at Morris Island, Fort Wagner and Sumter, he was breveted Brigadier General and Major General of the United States Army.

General Gillmore was elected a Member of the American Society of Civil Engineers on December 2, 1863, and served as a member of the Board of Direction in 1875. He was credited with several works on engineering. His letters and private correspondence is now in The National Archives in Washington, D. C.

CHILDREN:

25. QUINCY O'MAHER (Colonel, USA)
b. September 2, 1850, West Point, N.Y.
d. July 14, 1923, age 73, New York City.
m. April 22, 1880, Margaret Van Vleeck.
b.
d.
Children: Quincy Adams (Mjr. General), b. 1881; Henry Van Vleeck; Margaret Hardenbergh, b. 1887.

26. EDWARD DeBUSSY
b. November 9, 1852, West Point, N. Y.
d.
m.
b.
d.

27. WILLIAM BUDD
b. November 14, 1854, West Point, N. Y.
d. Nov. 29, 1916, age 62.
m. 1896, Annie Giradin.
b.
d.
He is buried in the Holy Name Cemetery, Jersey City, N. J.

CHILDREN: (cont.)

MARY ISABELLA	b.	1856, West Point, N. Y.
	d.	
	m.	
	b.	
	d.	
28. GREGORY RICHARD	b.	February 23, 1858, West Point, N. Y.
	d.	April 13, 1916, age 58; buried New Brunswick, N.J.
	m.	June 30, 1879, Laura Norton Price.
	b.	
	d.	

25. QUINCY O'MAHER GILLMORE[25] - Quincy Adams[21] - Quartus[13] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born at West Point, New York, on September 2, 1850, and died in New York City on July 14, 1923, age 73. Buried at West Point, N. Y.

Married on April 22, 1880, to Margaret Van Kleeck, born in _____ on _____; died in _____ on _____

He was appointed a Cadet in the U. S. Military Academy on July 1, 1869; graduated June 13, 1873; appointed 2d Lt., 10th Cavalry, June 13, 1873; resigned November 12, 1874. He was reappointed in the Regular Army as a 2d Lt., 8th Cavalry, March 19, 1875; accepted April 3, 1875; promoted to 1st Lt. June 26, 1882; Captain of Cavalry Feb. 20, 1891; and was retired from active military service on May 30, 1896. Subsequent to his retirement, he was mustered in as a Lieut. Colonel, 4th New Jersey Infantry Volunteers, July 14, 1898; promoted to Colonel Nov. 4, 1898; and was mustered out April 6, 1899. He was advanced to Major, retired, on June 3, 1916.

CHILDREN:

34. QUINCY ADAMS (Mjr. Genl.USA)
b. January 12, 1881, West Point, N. Y.
d.
m. 1904, Frances West Hemsley
b.
d.
Children: Quincy Adams, b. 1903; Frances West, b. 1908; Frederick Hemsley, b. 1910.

35. HENRY VAN KLEECK
b. May 5, 1885, West Point, N. Y.
d. August 6, 1911.
m. June 21, 1905, Maria McIlvaine, in Trenton, N.J.
b.
d.
Children: Not known

MARGARET HARDENBERGH
b. October 28, 1887, Saratoga, N. Y.
d.
m.
b.
d.

34. QUINCY ADAMS GILLMORE[34] - Quincy O'Maher[25] - Quincy Adams[21] - Quartus[13] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born at West Point, N. Y. on January 12, 1881, and died in _____ on _____

Married on _____ 1904, in Philadelphia, Pa., to Frances West Hemsley, born in _____ on _____; died in _____ on _____

U. S. Milita ry Academy August 1, 1900 to June 14, 1904; Organized Reserve Corps, Major General, 10 November 1924; 2d Lt. C.A.C. June 15, 1904; 1st Lt. May 10, 1907 to Sept. 10, 1907; (Colonel, Field Artillery, July 17, 1917 to July 24, 1917); Colonel Field Artillery, July 25, 1917 to May 1, 1919; Brigadier General, Line, Jan. 15, 1923; Major General, Line, March 26, 1924; now in the New Jersey Organized Reserve, 44th Division, Headquarters at Newark, N. J. (From Official National Guard Register, 1926).

CHILDREN:

36. QUINCY ADAMS
b. August 8, 1905, Atlantic City, N. J.
d.
m. April 30, 1935, Noel Chatillon.
b.
d.

FRANCES WEST
b. January 17, 1908, Atlantic City, N. J.
d.
m. October 2, 1930, Richard N. Williams
b.
d.

37. FREDERICK HEMSLEY
b. February 10, 1910, Philadelphia, Pa.
d.
m.
b.
d.

22. EDMUND GILMORE[22] - Quartus[13] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Black River Township, Lorain County, Ohio, on February 10, 1833; died in Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, on November 27, 1902.

Married on _____ 1858, to his cousin, Adelaide E. Gillmore, daughter of Alanson[18]. She was born in Black River Twp., Lorain County, Ohio, on November 22, 1833, and died in Lorain, LorainCo., Ohio, on July 19, 1915, of pneumonia. Both are buried in the Gillmore-Wilford StoneVault in Elmwood Cemetery, Black River Twp., Lorain Co., O.

He was a sailor on the Great Lakes at times, and was crippled while caulking a ship. He was a Republican and also served as Assessor, Township Clerk, Justice of the Peace, and Notary Public in Lorain, O.

She was a charter member of the First Congregational Church, Lorain, Ohio.

CHILD:

52. QUINCY ALANSON b. May 12, 1859, Lorain County, O.
d. Elyria, Ohio, 1923.
m. 1884, Frankie G. Brown, of Delaware, O.
b. 1856
d. 1921, Elyria, O.
Both are buried in the Ridgelawn Cemetery, Elyria, O.
He was a 32° Mason.
Republican.
Attorney at Law in Elyria, Ohio, for many years.
Had one son, Scott Edmund, b. 189_, d. 1933.

52. QUINCY ALANSON GILLMORE[32] - Edmund[22] - Quartus[13] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Lorain County, Ohio, on May 12, 1859; died in Elyria, Lorain County, Ohio, on _____1923.

Married in _____on_____1884, to Frankie G. Brown, of Delaware, Ohio, born on _____1856; died on _____1921.

Both are buried in Ridgelawn Cemetery, Elyria, Ohio.

He was a Republican; member of the Chamber of Commerce; Country Club; a 32° Mason, and a Knight of Pythias. He was an attorney in Elyria, Ohio, for many years. Received his education at Oberlin College, Oberlin, Ohio, and Delaware Wesleyan College, graduating in 1881. He made a special study of law, and graduated from the Cincinnati Law School in 1883, and in the Fall of 1884, started law practice.

CHILD:

53. SCOTT EDMUND b. August 23, 189_, Elyria, Ohio.
d. February 23, 1933
m. Aug. 30, 1918, Clara Suppes, dau. of Max M. Suppes.
M.
d.
He served in World War I as 1st Lt., Ordnance Corps.
Children: Gail, b. 1925; Suzanne, b. 1928.

53. SCOTT EDMUND GILLMORE[53] - Quincy Alanson[32] - Edmund[22] - Quartus[13] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Elyria, Lorain County, Ohio, on August 23, 189_; died in Elyria, Lorain County, Ohio, on February 23, 1933.

Married on August 30, 1918, Clara Rodgers Suppes, daughter of Max M. Suppes, born in _____ on _____ died in _____ on _____
Mr. Suppes for many years was General Manager of The National Tube Company in Lorain, Ohio.

Scott was a World I veteran, serving as 1st Lt. in the Ordnance Corps, U.S. Army.

CHILDREN:

GAIL b. 1923
d.
m. July 14, 1951, Ronald Alfred Penfound,
b.
d.
He was son of Mr. and Mrs. Archie E. Penfound, Elyria, O.
He graduated from the Elyria High School in 1944.

SUZANNE b. March 28, 1928
d.
m. 19__, to Wm. Saxman Singleton.
b.
d.
She graduated from Elyria High School in ___.
Attended Ohio Wesleyan University.
Attended Centenary Junior College, Cazenovia, N.Y.
In 1948 he was attending College of Commerce, Ohio State University.
He served three years in the U. S. Navy.

23. QUARTUS J. GILLMORE[23] - Quartus[13] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Black River Twp., Lorain County, Ohio, on May 26, 1839; died in Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, on September 23, 1897.

Married on May 15, 1859, to Mary Jane Fitzgerald, of Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, daughter of Almond and Mary (Root) Fitzgerald, who came from Mass. She was a sister of Ann Fitzgerald, who married Cornelius Gillmore. Mary Jane was born in Manchester, Michigan, on June 7, 1837; died in Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, of apoplexy, on March 21, 1915. Both are buried in the Gillmore-Wilford Stone Vault in Elmwood Cemetery, Black River Twp., Lorain Co., O.

At the age of 17, Quartus commenced sailing on the Great Lakes, finally becoming a Captain. In 1866, he gave up sailing and went into the grape growing business until 1882. In 1882 he formed a partnership with a Mr. Stang, under the firm name of Stang & Gillmore, dredgers and pier builders, and this firm dissolved in 1888, then Quartus carried on the business alone for some time. He was a Republican, member of the Knights of Maccabees, and Royal Arcanum.

CHILDREN:

NEDDIE E. — b. 1861*
d. September 15, 1861.

54. QUARTUS ALMOND — b. February 3, 1862
d. June 9, 1921
m. November 25, 1884, Nellie Beckwith
b.
d. December 1, 1945; buried Dec. 4, 1945.
Children: Florence Isabel, b. 1886; Nellie Inez, b. 1887; Mary Jane, b. 1890; Quartus Almond, b. 1895; Nereida B., b. 1900; Nellie, d. young.

WILLIE H. — b.
d. September 15, 1865*

MARY ISABEL — b. August 21, 1866
d. July 3, 1949, at 3:30 p.m., Lorain, O.
m. , Theodore B. Burgess.
b. September 5, 1866.
d. August 1, 1931.
Children: Theodore Roy; Neil Quartus.

55. THEODORE ROY — b. March 21, 1869, Lorain, O.
d. September __, 1927.
m. September 9, 1891, Lillian E. Day.
b. 1869
d. April 21, 1930.
For many years he was Supt. of Wheeling & Lake Erie Ry. in Huron, Ohio.
Child: Ruth Gerald, 1900.

CHILDREN: (cont.)

56. WILLIAM EUGENE (Brig.Genl.USA)
b. Nov. 29, 1876, Lorain, Lorain Co., Ohio.
d. Nov. 7, 1948, Walter Reed Hosp., Washington, D.C.
m. Dec. 14, 1901, Mrs. Florence E. (Nelson)Locke.
b. March 31, 1873, Ft. Wayne, Ind.
d. June 11, 1950, Washington, D. C.
Both are buried in Arlington National Cemetery, Washington, D. C.
Child: William Nelson (Brigadier General), b. 1903.
By her first marriage she had a daughter, Martha, b. 1897, d. 1940, m. Col. Wm. F. Huntington, USA.
He graduated from Lorain, Ohio, High School, Class of 1895.
Graduate of the U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N.Y.

* Neddie and Willie, who died young, are buried in the Cleveland Avenue Cemetery, Amherst, Ohio, on lot next to Cornelius Gillmore. Graves are marked by a small, badly weathered, marble tombstone.

54. QUARTUS ALMOND GILLMORE[54] - Quartus J.[23] - Quartus[13] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, on February 3, 1862; died on June 9, 1921.

Married on November 25, 1884 to Nellie E. Beckwith, born on _____ and died in Cleveland, Ohio, on December 1, 1945. Buried on December 4, 1945.

CHILDREN:

FLORENCE ISABEL
b. Feb. __, 1886
d.
m. Dec. 29, 1908, Dr. Chas. R. Pheneger, Dentist.
b.
d.
Children: Charles Almond, b. July 24, 1917;
Florence Ruth, b. Jan. 15, 1923.
In 1953 residing in Vermilion-On-The-Lake, Ohio.

NELLIE INEZ
b. November 8, 1887
d.
m. April 29, 1911, Isaac Campbell Kidd, USN.
b. March 26, 1884
d. Dec. 7, 1941, in the attack on Pearl Harbor by the Japanese, being then a Rear Admiral in the U. S. Navy.
He graduated from the Naval Academy in 1906; Captain from Nov. 1, 1930; Flag Secretary & Aide on the Staff of Admiral Husband Kimmel, CinC of the Pacific Fleet; Commanding Officer of a battleship division at Hawaii; Awarded the CONGRESSIONAL MEDAL OF HONOR.
Children: Isaac Campbell, Jr., b. Aug. 14, 1919; graduated from the Naval Academy in 1941.

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MARY JANE
b. April 6, 1890
d.
m. May 4, 1929, Dr. James S. Deering.
b.
d.
In 1872 she was charter member of the 1st Cong. Church, Lorain, Ohio.
In 1945, residing in Duluth, Minn.

CHILDREN: (cont.)

57. QUARTUS ALMOND, Jr. b. January 28, 1893
d.
m. Sept. 16, 1925, Margaret M. Stowe.
b.
d.
In 1945, residing in Duluth, Minn.

NEREIDA B. b. November 27, 1900
d.
m. April 13, 1922, Eldon Yasberger.
b.
d.
Children: Inez Jean, b. Jan. 23, 1923;
Barbara Ann, b. June 22, 1926.
In 1945, residing in Duluth, Minn.

NELLIE b.
d.
Tombstone only states, "Gillmore, baby Nellie."

55. THEODORE ROY GILLMORE[55] - Quartus J.[23] - Quartus[13] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, on March 21, 1869; died in Huron, Erie County, Ohio, on September __, 1927.

Married on September 9, 1891, to Lillian E. Day, daughter of Captain Richard and Kate (Smith) Day; born on _____1869, and died on April 21, 1930, at 1 pm at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Robert Schmidt, in Lakewood, Ohio.

Both are buried in the Scott Cemetery, south of Huron, Ohio.

They lived in Huron, Erie County, Ohio, for many years. He was Superintendent of the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad in Huron, Ohio, and President of the Cleveland Stevedore Company of Huron, Ohio. He was a Republican, Member of the Elks Lodge, and the Royal Arcanum.

CHILD:

RUTH GERALD b. June 7, 1900
d.
m. Nov. 21, 1921, Robert D. Schmidt.
b.
d.
Children: Marie Lavern, b. October 30, 1923;
Robert Gillmore, b. Aug. __, 19__.
They lived in Lakewood, Ohio, for many years.

56. WILLIAM EUGENE GILLMORE[56]-Quartus J.[23]- Quartus[13]- Edmund[12]-James[8]-William[2]- Robert[1].

Born in Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, on November 29, 1876; died in Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., on November7, 1948 of heart trouble and complications. Both he and his wife buried in Arlington National Cemetery, Washington, D. C.

Married on December 14, 1901, Mrs. Florence E. (Nelson) Locke, born March 31, 1873, in Ft. Wayne, Indiana; died at her home in the Hay-Adams House, Washington, D. C. on June 11, 1950, after a short illness. Just before Xmas she had returned from a year's visit with her son, Brig. Genl. Wm. Nelson Gillmore, in Japan. She was a member of the Army &Navy Club, Columbia Club, and had been a National Delegate to the D.A.R. from Piqua, Ohio, where she was raised, her father having been George Nelson. By her previous marriage to George Locke, of Piqua, O., she had a daughter, Martha Locke, born March 22, 1897, in Toledo, O. She died in Little Rock, Ark., on Jan. 20, 1940. She married Col. Wm. F. Huntington, U.S.A., in Piqua, O.

General Gillmore graduated from the Lorain, Ohio, High School, Class of 1895. Attended the U.S. Military Academy, West Point, N.Y. June 18, 1896 to Mch. 18, 1897; graduated from Air Service Pilots' School & Air Service Bombardment School in 1921; rated Air Pilot; 1st Lt., 5th Ohio Infantry, May 11, 1898; M.O. Nov. 5, 1898; Lt. Col., Signal Corps (temp.) Nov. 28, 1917; accepted Nov. 28, 1917; Colonel, Air Service, Aug. 20, 1918; accepted Aug. 24, 1918; Honorably Discharged June 30,1920; 2d Lt. of Infantry, Feb. 2, 1901; accepted Aug. 5, 1901; 1st Lt. Sept. 8, 1904; Capt. July 21, 1915; Major (temp.) Aug. 5, 1917 to Nov. 27, 1917; Major, July 1, 1920; transferred to Aviation Service Aug.11, 1920; Lt. Col.July 1, 1920; Brig. Genl., Asst.to the Chief of Air Corps, July 17, 1926; accepted July 17, 1926; retired June 30, 1930.

In 1901 on duty with troops at Columbus, Ohio, and sailed in January 1902 for the Philippine Islands, where he stayed with the 15th Infantry. He returned to the U.S. for station with that regiment at the Presidio of Monterey, Calif. in Oct. of that year, and remained there until Sept. 1904. He then served successively at the Presidio of San Francisco with 28th Infantry until Nov. 1904; at Ft. Snelling, Minn., until March 1905, and on recruiting duty at Columbus, O. until March 1907.

On duty at Mantanzas, Cuba, with 28th Infantry, from April to December 1907. The 28th Infantry was a component of the Army of Cuban Pacification. Returned from Cuba with his regiment and was stationed at Ft. Snelling until August 1911. During part of this time he was on detached service at Sparta, Wisconsin, as Constructing Quartermaster of the target range there.

He was next detailed as Prof. of Military Science & Tactics at Cornell University, Ithaca, N.Y.,serving until Dec. 1912, when he was again ordered to Philippine Islands until October 1915, then returned to the United States for station at the Presidio of San Francisco until March 1916, and was then ordered to the Mexican Border for duty until February 1917.

Soon after the entrance of the United States into World War I, he was ordered to Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, as an instructor at Officers' Training Camp, and in Nov. was detailed to the Aviation Section of the Signal Corps, stationed

in Washington, D. C., where he served until September 1918, in the Office of the Chief Signal Officer, and later as Chief of Personnel in the Office of the Director of Military Aeronautics.

He then transferred to Kelly Field, Texas, which he commanded for two months in the latter part of 1918, returning to Washington in December, where he remained on executive duty in the Office of the Chief of Air Service until June 1922. He served for two years at the Presidio of San Francisco as Air Officer, 9th Corps Area.

In August 1924, he returned to Washington, where he served as Chief of the Supply Division, Office of the Chief of Air Service, until July 1926, when he was appointed Brigadier General, Assistant to the Chief of Air Service.

He was then ordered to McCook Field, Dayton, Ohio, in October 1926, to be stationed there until Wright Field was finished, when he was put in charge of the Materiel Division. He remained there until April 1929, when he was ordered to the Office of the Chief of Air Corps, Washington, D. C.

He retired, at his own request, after more than thirty years' service, on June 30, 1930.

He was recalled to duty on July 7, 1943, during World War II, to serve on the War Department Procurement Review Board, until he was relieved from active duty on September 4, 1943.

During our participation in World War II, General Gillmore was Aviation Consultant for the Briggs Mfg. Co., Detroit, Michigan, which switched from automobile body production to aircraft parts for the war.

The capacity of General Gillmore to make and hold his friends was one of his outstanding characteristics. As an executive in the Air Corps, he had great success in bringing together men whose divergent opinions some time resulted in hard feelings of long standing. Not only could he heal the breach, but he could influence their feelings so all could work together.

In the latter years of retirement they lived in the Hay-Adams House in Washington, D. C.

CHILD:

57. WILLIAM NELSON (Brig.Genl.,USA)
b. March 25, 1903, Monterey, Calif.
d.
m. May 14, 1928, Marion Hill, in Medford, Oregon.
b. Oct. 10, 1906, Neodesha, Kansas.
d.
He was made a Brigadier General, USA, in 1948.
Children: Frances Ellen, b. June 14, 1931; Florence Elizabeth, b. July 26, 1935; and a girl who died at birth.

57. WILLIAM NELSON GILLMORE[57] - William Eugene[56] - Quartus J.[23] - Quartus[13] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Monterey, California, on March 25, 1903; died in_____ on_____

Married on May 14, 1928, to Marion Hill, born in Neodesha, Kansas, on October 10, 1906, and died in _____on_____

He was a Cadet in the U. S. Military Academy, West Point, N. Y. July 1, 1921; Bachelor of Science, U.S. Military Academy, 1925; 2nd Lt. Field Artillery, June 12, 1925; 1st Lt. Feb. 1, 1931; graduated from Field Artillery School, Battery Officers' Course, 1931; Graduate Commanding & General Staff School, 1939; Captain, August 1, 1935; Lieutenant Colonel, 1942; Major, 31 January 1941; Brigadier General, 1948. On duty in Japan from 1948 in command of the 11th Airborne Artille ry. Legion of Merit medal, Bronze Star Medal, etc.

CHILDREN:

FRANCES ELLEN b. June 14, 1931, Ft. Sill, Oklahoma.
d.
m.
b.
d.

FLORENCE ELIZABETH b. July 26, 1933, Ft. Sill, Oklahoma.
d.
m.
b.
d.

Girl b.
d. at birth.

24. CORNELIUS REID GILLMORE[24] - Quartus[13] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Black River Twp., Lorain County, Ohio, on _____1841; died in _____on _____1911, of lagrippe, age 70.

Married in _____on_____to Ann Fitzgerald, daughter of Almond and Mary (Root) Fitzgerald, of Lorain, Ohio. She was born _____ 1840; died in Lake Helen, Florida, on _____1914, age 74.

Both are buried in the Cleveland Ave. Cemetery, Amherst, Lorain County, Ohio.

CHILDREN:

MARY ELIZABETH b. November 23, 1860, Lorain, Ohio.
d. June __, 1943
m. , Samuel Carpenter.
b.
d.
Children: ?

59. MILLS B. b. , Lorain, Ohio
d.
m.
b.
d.
Children: ?

ROXANA b. 1866, Lorain, Ohio.
d. January 10, 1944, Cleveland, Ohio, age 78.
1st m. , _____Cole.
b.
d.
2nd m. , John W. Myers, Ashland, Ohio.
b.
d.
Children: Dorothea; Roxana; Theodore.
She graduated from the Lorain, Ohio, High School.
Member of the 1st Congrega tional Church, Lorain, O.
Member of the Daughters of 1812.
Member of the Daughters of American Revolution.*
Buried in Ashland, Ohio.

FRANCES R. b. , Lorain, Ohio.
d.
m. , Percy Seager.
b.
d.
In 1944 living in Vancouver, British Columbia.
Children: ?

Cornelius Gillmore[24], cont.

CHILDREN:

BESSIE b. , Black River Twp., Lorain Co., O.
d.
m.
b.
d.
Children:

NOTE: It appears, from extensive research, that Mrs. Roxana (Gillmore) Myers was in error in the data she gave the D.A.R. in her Application No. 197639 for obtaining membership.

In the first place, no one knew little or nothing regarding Edmund Gilmore[12] line of descent, except that his father's name was James. The Compiler of this genealogy undertook, from 1926 on, to search out the history of all the James Gilmores, not only in Mass., N. H. and New York, but in some of the other New England states, and there were only a few who would qualify as to dates of birth or death to be Edmund's father James. The Conway, Mass. James Gilmores, both senior and junior, had no children by the names given in the Pelham, N. H. Vital Records, as being the children of Edmund's father James. Both of the Conway James Gilmores were Revolutionary War soldiers.

Mrs. Myers stated that: She was a descendant of a James Gilmore, born in Hampshire County, Mass. in 1735, and who died in Conway, Hampshire Co., Mass. in 1800.

She then stated that, she was the daughter of Cornelius Gillmore, born in 1841, which is correct; that he died in 1912, which should have been 1911, as he was 70 when he died. That Cornelius' wife was Ann Fitzgerald, born in 1840, died in 1914, which is correct. That said Cornelius Gillmore was the son of Quartus Gillmore, born in 1795, died in 1869. Quartus Gilmore was born in Chester, Mass. on July 1, 1790;died in Lorain, Ohio, on April 29, 1869, age 79. Cornelius was born in Black River Twp., Lorain County (now Lorain) Ohio in 1841; died in 1911. Cornelius' wife was Mrs. Elizabeth (Reid) Smith, born 1797, died 1876.

Mrs. Myers then states that Quartus Gillmore was the son of Edmund Gilmore, born 1759, died 1843, and that his wife was Elizabeth Stewart, born 1766, died 1849, married 1784.

Mrs. Myers then states that the said Edmund Gilmore was the son of James Gilmore, born in 1735, died in 1800, and his wife, Elizabeth, was born in 1738, died in 1807, married 1756. This is wrong. Edmund was born in Pelham, N.H. in 1765, died in Lorain, Ohio, in 1846. He married Elizabeth Stewart in Blandford, Mass. in 1789. Elizabeth Stewart was born in 1769, died in Lorain, Ohio, in 1844.

Mrs. Myers then states "that the said James Gillmore, of Conway, Mass. was commissioned a 1st Lt. in the 12th (Capt. Alexander Oliver's Company) in the 5th (Col. Hugh McClellen's regiment of the Hampshire County Division) under date of July 1, 1781." Her data could not be verified by the Adj. General of Mass.

By comparing Mrs. Myers' dates with those given in this genealogy, it will be seen that she was wrong, as the dates in the genealogy were obtained from Bibles, tombstones, and family records, which she could have obtained had she made an effort to do so.

ARETUS GILMORE LINE.

14. ARETUS GILMORE[14] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Chester, Hampden County, Mass. on September 7, 1792; died in Amherst, Lorain County, Ohio, on November 29, 1855. He used the approved Scotch spelling of the surname, ie, "Gilmore."

Married on August 25, 1817, by Justice of the Peace John S. Reid, of Black River (now Lorain), Ohio, to Aurelia Nichols (nicknamed "Orra"), adopted (?) daughter of Adoniram and Deidamia (Moore) Webb, son of Reuben Webb, who settled in what is now South Amherst, Lorain County, Ohio, about 1815. Aretus' marriage took place in the Indian Village which was in Cascade Park, in Elyria, Ohio. His youngest daughter, Sarah Rodella, the Compiler's grandmother, mentioned it. This section was then in Huron County. It is understood that Orra's parents were killed in Berkshire County, Mass. by the Indians, and that the Webb's took care of her. This marriage was the first one in this part of the Western Reserve.

Orra was born in Berkshire County, Mass. on October 7, 1800, and died in Brownhelm, Lorain County, Ohio, at thehome of her daughter Eveline (Gilmore) Shattuck, on September 22, 1885. Both are buried in the family lot in the Cleveland Ave. Cemetery, Amherst, Lorain County, Ohio.

When Aretus first came to what is now Ohio on foot from Chester, Mass. in 1811, with his father, Edmund Gilmore, and Edmund's nephew, Ashbel Gilmore, son of Edmund's brother James, who came later and settled in Geauga County, Ohio, Aretus was 19 years old. They erected a log cabin on Lot 21, in what is now Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, in 1811, somewhere near the present park and bathing beach on West Erie Ave., Lorain, Ohio. Edmund owned about 1000 acres of land along the lake front. After the homestead was ready, Edmund returned on foot to Chester, Mass. for the rest of the family, returning with them by ox team in June 1812, being a month enroute.

A short time after his marriage, Aretus settled in a log cabin on his approximately 500-acre farm, just north of the present Deuschle farm, on North Lake Road, Amherst Twp., Lorain Co., O. A small tribe of Indians known locally a s "Pohunks" lived in wha tis now known as Clough's Quarry, but they were friendly with the early settlers. At that time there was plenty of bears, deer, swarms of squirrels, and other small animals, also plenty of rattlesnakes. Nearby Beaver Creek had beavers, and Orra used to kill them and make beaver coats for the family. At times they also had plenty of wild pigeons, which would come by the thousands, and when they roosted in the trees literally broke the limbs down. By putting a charge of gunpowder under the trees, the settlers were able to stun enough of them to clean and pack away in salt for the winter.

When not farming, Aretus worked as ship caulker on the Great Lakes.

According to Aretus' son Reuben, Aretus was a Whig, and took an active part in politics, and was a member of the School Board. Orra had attended both the Methodist and Congregational Churches in Amherst, Ohio.

Nine years after the death of Aretus, Orra married Alva Hemenway, widower, date of birth and death unknown, the marriage being performed by Rev. A. Heath, in Amherst, Ohio, on September 1, 1864. He disappeared a few years afterwards and was never heard from again. Orra resumed the surname of Gilmore. Alva Hemenway's first wife was Ruth _____, born in 1788 and died April 1, 1864, age 76, and she is buried in the old Vendeigh Corners Cemetery, near South Amherst, Ohio.

After selling the farm, due to old age, Aretus bought a home on West Milan Avenue, Amherst, Ohio, on the south side, near Lake Road, where he died. After Orra's second marriage, due to sickness and old age, she went to live with her daughter, Eveline, in Brownhelm, Ohio, where she died.

CHILDREN: (All born in Amherst, Amherst Twp., Lorain Co., Ohio.)

EMILINE
b. June 18, 1818.
d. Jan. 10, 1892, Milan, Ohio.
m. Jan. 29, 1839, William Shupe.
b. 1813
d. 1879
Children: Rose; Frank; Charley; William; Clarence.

61. LINUS
b. May 1, 1820
d. June __, 1855
m.
b.
d.
Said to have married and settled in Illinois.
Children, so far as known: Mary; Reuben.

62. REUBEN W.
b. Jan. 29, 1822
d.
m. May 13, 1847, Rachel Fisbe
b. Aug. __, 1823, Steuben Co., N.Y.
d.
About 1891 they were living in Sec. 10, Caledonia Twp., Shiawassee Co., Michigan. Had sons John, Jackwon, and a daughter Minerva L., so far as known.
No further record.

63. DENNIS
b. Jan. 18, 1824
d. Jan. 9, 1910, Berlinville, Ohio.
1st m. July 4, 1848, Henrietta Griswold
b. 1823
d. 1851
Children: Mary.
2nd m. , Didame Catlin
b. 1830
d. 1917, Berlinville, O.
Children, Albert; Morton.

AURELIA
b. Feb. 18, 1826
d. May 28, 1901, Amherst Twp., Lorain Co., O.
m. Oct. __, 1846, Ezra Frink, Ship Capt., Great Lakes.
b. 1823
d. May 22, 1889, Amherst Twp., Lorain Co., O.
Child: Quincy A. Frink, also a ship Captain on Great Lakes.

CHILDREN: (cont.)

64. TRUMAN
b. December 22, 1827
d. Jan. 2, 1883, Amherst Twp., Lorain Co., O.
Bachelor.
Named after his father's brother.

MARY L.
b. October 16, 1829
d. October 11, 1836
m. October 9, 1852, Albert J. Richmond.
b. April 15, 1831
d. 1915, Amherst Twp., Lorain Co., O.
He was a farmer on Middle Ridge, Amherst Twp., Lorain Co., O.
Child: Bird Clarence.

ALMIRA
b. November 9, 1831
d. 1832

LOVINA
b. April __, 1833
d. 1835

ELIZABETH
b. March 19, 1835
d. 1836

65. SPENCER
b. March 13, 1837
d.
m. , Ruby Morgan.
b.
d.
Children: Merton; William C.

EVELINE
b. Sept. 7, 1840
d. June 18, 1912, Brownhelm, Ohio.
m. Aug. 24, 1858, Alpheus Shattuck.
b. Aug. 19, 1830, Irasburg, Vt.
d. Jan. 9, 1909, Brownhelm, Ohio.
Children: Elmer Orrin; Arthur James; Edgar "E".
(See Shattuck genealogy)

SARAH RODELLA
b. October 31, 1846
d. April 28, 1926, Amherst, Ohio.
m. August 23, 1864, James Hamel
b. About 1836
d. Jan. 26, 1889. Body found in Mobile Bay, Ala., and burial in Magnolia Cemetery, Mobile, Ala.
He was a Civil War veteran.
Children: Charles Augustus; Edward; Albert Jack; Cora Bell; Burton Ellsworth; twins James and Elmer; Sadie Rodella.
James Hamel was of French-Canadiandescent, and ran away from home about 1860, names of parents unknown.
See Hamel genealogy.

62. REUBEN GILMORE[62] - Aretus[14] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Amherst Township, Lorain County, Ohio, on January 29, 1822; died in _____ on _____

Married on May 13, 1847, to Rachel Fisk, daughter of Samuel and Margaret (Jack) Fisk, born August __, 1825, in Steuben County, N. Y., and died in _____ on _____

Her father Samuel was a native of Vermont, born November 4, 1794, and he was a farmer and a soldier of the War of 1812. He was married in Maryland, then removed to Lorain County, Ohio, in 1838, and died there in 1879. His wife was also from Maryland, and died in Lorain County, Ohio, in 1877. He was a Democrat, and both were members of the Methodist Episcopal Church. They had twelve children.

About 1891, Reuben was living in Section 10, Caledonia Twp., Shiawassee County, Michigan. When a young man he learned the trade of ship caulker on the Great Lakes, and worked at it for some time. He took care of himself from the age of 12. After his marriage he rented a farm until he came to Michigan in 1858, where he took a partially improved tract which had a log house on it. He remained there ten months, then returned to Ohio for 5½ years, then returned to Michigan farm and remained there.

Reuben was a Democrat, a member of the Patrons of Industry, and was at one time on the School Board. He was also Road Commissioner for many years.

CHILDREN:

87. JOHN
b.
d.
m.
b.
d.

88. JACKSON
b.
d.
m.
b.
d.

MINERVA L.
b.
d. May 24, 1889.

63. DENNIS GILMORE[63] - Aretus[14] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Amherst Township, Lorain County, Ohio, on January 18, 1824. Died in Berlinville, Erie County, Ohio, on January 9, 1910.

Married, first, on July 4, 1848, to Henrietta Griswold, in Townsend, Huron County, Ohio, born in _____ on _____ 1823; died on _____ 1851.

Married, second, on _____ to Didame Catlin, born in _____ on _____ 1830; died in _____ on _____ 1917.

He was connected with the shipping business in Milan, Erie County, Ohio, when it was an inland port of Lake Erie. It is understood he was a foreman. He was well acquainted with Thomas Edison and his family.

CHILDREN: (1st m.)

MARY
b. August 31, 1850, near Milan, O.
d. January 10, 1925, Milan, O.
m. 1868 To Festus Tucker.
b. 1847
d. 1908.
Children: ?

CHILDREN: (2nd m.)

101. ALBERT
b.
d. Sept. 10, 1925 & buried in Milan, O.
m. , to Winnie _____
b.
d. 1928.
Children: ?

102. MORTON
b. 1862
d. 1918
m. , to Annie E. _____
b. 1848
d. 1916
Children: ?
Both are buried in the NE corner of the Cleveland Ave. Cemetery, Amherst, Ohio.

101. ALBERT GILMORE[101] - Dennis[63] - Aretus[14] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in _____, Erie Coun ty, Ohio, on _____died on September 10, 1923. Buried in Milan, Ohio.

On _____married to Winnie _____, a Roman Catholic, born in _____on_____died in_____on_____1928.

CHILDREN:

102. CHARLES
b.
d.
m.
b.
d.
Children:

MARGARET
b.
d.
m.
b.
d.
Children:

ELSIE
b.
d.
m. , to _____Logan
b.
d.
Children:

102. CHARLES GILMORE[102] - Albert[101] - Dennis[63] - Aretus[14] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in _____ Ohio, on _____; died in _____on _____

On _____married to _____born on _____died on _____

CHILDREN:

65. SPENCER GILMORE[65] - Aretus[14] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Amherst Township, Lorain County, Ohio, on March 13, 1857, and died in Amherst, Lorain County, Ohio, on _____. Buried in the Cleveland Ave. Cemetery, Amherst, Ohio.

Spencer was the surname of his great great grandmother, Jerusha Spencer, who married Paul Stewart, and they were the parents of ElizabethStewart, who married Edmund Gilmore[12], the progenitor of the Lorain, Ohio, Gilmores.

Married on _____ to Ruby Morgan, born on _____ died on _____

CHILDREN:

119. WILLIAM G.
b.
d. November 22, 1936, Lorain, O.
m. , Frances Wetzel
b. 1873
d. Dec. 14, 1947, Lorain, Ohio, age 74.
He lost an arm while working for the American Ship Bldg. Co., Lorain, Ohio.
Members of the Delaware Ave. M.E. Church, Lorain, Ohio.
Child: Ruby, who married Frank Bonney.

120. MERTON
b.
d.
m.
b.
d.
Children:

119. WILLIAM G. GILMORE[119] - Spencer[63] - Aretus[14] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1]

Born in _____ on _____ died in Lorain, Ohio, on November 22, 1936.

On _____ married to Frances Wetzel, born on _____ 1873; died in Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, on December 14, 1947, at 10 pm., age 74. She was active in the womens' organization of the Woodmen's Circle until her health failed her. She was survived by a sister, Miss Cora Wetzel, New Castle, Ind., and a brother, Robert Wetzel.

William lost an arm while working for the American Ship Building Co., Lorain, Ohio.

CHILD:

RUBY b.
d.
m. , Frank Bonney
b.
d.
Children:
Living in Lorain, Ohio.

120. MERTON GILMORE[120] - Spencer[65] - Aretus[14] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in _____ on _____; died in _____ on _____

On _____ married to _____ born on _____ died on _____

CHILDREN:

TRUMAN GILMORE LINE.

17. TRUMAN GILMORE[17] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Chester, Hampden County, Mass. on October 25, 1798; died in Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, on December 25, 1880, age 82.

Married in _____ on _____ to Martha Levina Messenger, born in _____ on _____; died in Black River Township, Lorain County, Ohio, on _____ 1897. She was a native of Berkshire County, Mass.

Both are buried in the Cleveland Ave. Cemetery, Amherst, Ohio.

CHILDREN:

MARTHA ANGELINA b. July 5, 1835, Lorain, Ohio.
d. March 19, 1920, Lorain, O.
m. Dec. 9, 1858, to David Wallace.
b. Jan. 22, 1831
d. Oct. 6, 1913
Children: William Henry, who became a ship Captain on the Great Lakes, b. Dec. 25, 1862, d. Oct. 16, 1898; Ann, b. Dec. 25, 1859, d. _____. She married James B. Hoag.

60. GEORGE W. b. Feb. 28, 1837, Black River Twp., Lorain Co., O.
d. 1908, age 71
Bachelor.
Republican.
Buried in Cleveland Ave. Cemetery, Amherst, O.
Educated in the common schools of Black River Twp., Lorain Co., O., and reared as a farmer.

ALANSON GILLMORE LINE

18. ALANSON GILLMORE[18] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Chester, Hampden County, Mass. on April 12, 1805; died in Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, on February 1, 1895.

Married, first, Eveline Canfield Jones, of Connecticut, on November 25, 1835, born October 10, 1816; died on October 5, 1850.

Married, second, Mrs. Emma Lynch, on February 10, 1858, born on Feb. __, 1825; died on January 4, 1863.

Married, third, on June 5, 1865, to Sarah B. Manter, in Dodge County, Wisc., born on July 12, 1819; died on October 23, 1897. She wasa native of New Hampshire, the daughter of Jonathan and Mary (Barron) Burnham, who in an early day migrated to Michigan, thence to Wisconsin at the time it was a territory. Sarah Manter had been married twice before marrying Alanson, first, to A. Bankson, by whom she had two daughters, Louise, wife of William Cross, of Fairmont, Minn., and Jennie, widow of William Washington Peanich. By her marriage with Mr. Manter she had one son, George Arthur Manter, at one time living in San Francisco, California, and who was foreman in a bonded warehouse. During the American Revolution, her grandfather, Jonathan Barron, served as an Aide-de-Camp to his father, General Barron.

Alanson's tombstone, with complete data on it, is just east of the Gillmore-Wilford stone vault in Elmwood Cemetery, Black River Twp., Lorain Co., O.

Alanson was seven years old when his parents brought him to Black River (now Lorain), Ohio, and he was reared on a farm on the south shore of Lake Erie west of Lorain, Ohio, about where the present Elyria Water Works plant is. His education was received in the primitive schools of those early years. Until he was21, he worked on a farm, then went to the shipyards with Capt. Augustus Jones, of the Sloop WILLIAM TELL. At one time he also worked in the shipyards at Saybrook, Conn. For over 50 years he was employed as a ship builder, chiefly in the principal cities along the Great Lakes.

He served two terms as Justice of the Peace, and was Township Assessor for a while. He was a Whig, but later, a Republican, when the party was formed. He was a member of the Disciple Church.

<u>CHILDREN</u>: (1st m.)

ADELAIDE E. b. November 22, 1833
d. July 19, 1915
m. 1858, her cousin, Edmund Gillmore III, son of Quartus[13]
b. Feb. 10, 1833
d. Nov. 27, 1902, Lorain, O.
(See Edmund Gillmore[22] for continuation of this line.)

CHILDREN: (cont.)(1st m.)

140. SIMON ALANSON
b. Oct. 21, 1835, Lorain, O.
b. Jan. 4, 1908.
m. 1859, Celia Frances Chapman.
b. June 5, 1839, Mt. Clemens, Mich.
d. Sept. 2, 1912, Lorain, O.
Children: Orrin Henry; Harry Edwin.

141. JOEL MADISON
b. 18__, Lorain, O.
d. July 2, 1886.
Bachelor.
Drowned in a severe storm on Lake Michigan and body never recovered. At the time of death he was Second Mate of the Steam Barge BUTTERS, which was engaged in the lumber business between Ludington, Mich., and Milwaukee, Wisc.

142. BYRON A.
b. 1842, Lorain, O.
d. Oct. 29, 1907, Lorain, O. (dropped dead)
Bachelor.
Served in the Civil War, Co. "H", Ohio Vol. Inf., 103d Co. Mustered in service in Cleveland, O., Sept. 8, 1862; mustered out in Cleveland, O., June 22, 1864.

FANNIE McQUEEN
b. March 1, 1846, Lorain, O.
d. Feb. 7, 1935, Lorain, O., age 89 (heart attack)
m. Dec. 29, 1870, to Thomas Edward Wilford.
b. June 21, 1841, Clipston, England.
d. June 5, 1911, Lorain, O., of paralysis.
He was a ship Captain on the Great Lakes for many years.
She was a school teacher until 1870, and a charter member of the 1st M.E. Church, Lorain, O.
Children: Cora, who married Charles Frederick Bartenfeld; Fanny Adelaide, who never married.
Cora has a note written by her father, Alanson[18] giving the vital statistics of the Gilmores born in Chester, Mass. Note was dated Sept. 13, 1892.

140. SIMON ALANSON GILLMORE[140] - Alanson[13] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, on October 21, 1835; died in Lorain, Ohio, on January 4, 1908, of old age.

Married on _____ 1859, to Celia Frances Chapman, born in Mt. Clemens, Michigan, on June 5, 1839; died in Lorain, Ohio, on September 2, 1912, of Bright's Disease. She came to Lorain, Ohio, in 1852.

Both are buried in the Elmwood Cemetery, Black River Twp., Lorain County, O.

He was a ship Captain on the Great Lakes for many years.

CHILDREN:

143. ORRIN HENRY
b. Sept. 17, 1860, Lorain, O.
d. 1939, Lorain, O., 3 pm, age 79
m. 1883, Elizabeth MacKay
b. , in Canada.
d. April 9, 1935, Lorain, O.
He was a Marine Engineer, and sailed on the Great Lakes, Atlantic and Pacific Oceans.
Member of the Lorain Masonic Lodge #532.
Children: Frank Waterbury; Aura.

144. HARRY EDWIN
b. December 29, 1864, Lorain, O.
d. March 4, 1895, Lorain, O.
m. Dec. 14, 1893, Elizabeth Maxted
b. July 4, 1867, Walmer, Kent Co., England.
d.
Child: Harry Maxted[156].

143. ORRIN HENRY GILLMORE[143] - Simon Alanson[140] - Alanson[18] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, on September 17, 1860, in the old Gilmore homestead formerly located on the present site of the Antlers Hotel. Died in Lorain, Ohio, at 3 pm on _____1939.

Married on _____1883, to Elizabeth MacKay, of _____, Canada, born on _____; died on April 9, 1935, in Lorain, O.

Both are buried in the Elmwood Cemetery, Black River Twp., Lorain Co., O.

He was a Marine Engineer, and sailed the Great Lakes, and the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans. He stated he was named after Orrin Gilmore[15]. He was one of the first members of Lorain Masonic Lodge #552; member of the Order of Elks, Lodge #301; and attended the Christian Temple. After the death of his son, Frank Waterbury Gillmore, he brought up his three children.

The old Gillmore home was torn down by Harvey Eschtruth and was supposed to be about 100 years old. After her marriage, Adelaide Gillmore resided there for about 60 years. Mrs. Fannie McQueen (Gillmore) Wilford said Sim Edison, owner of the old blast furnace which used to be on 9th Street east of Broadway, built the house, and lived there about 20 years. After Edmund[19] III was crippled in the shipyard, he had his office of Justice of the Peace in the front room. The timbers in the house were all hand-hewn, and all boards sawed by the upright type of saw used in the old days, and some of the nails were hand made. Many of the boards beneath the siding were 20" wide.

CHILDREN:

145. FRANK WATERBURY
b. Nov. 10, 1884, Lorain, Ohio.
d. March 17, 1927, Lorain, O.
m. April 9, 1918, Emma Pokerek.
b.
d.
Children: Donald Wood, b. 1919; Robert Boynton, b. 1921; Josephine Gene (Peggy) b. 1924.

AURA
b. July 18, 1889, Lorain, O.
d.
m. Nov. 22, 1915, Charles Albert Wood, of Pittsburgh, Pa.
b. Aug. 9, 1884.
d.
Lives on Oberlin Avenue, Lorain, O., and aided in bringing up her brother's three children.

145. FRANK WATERBURY GILLMORE[145] - Orrin Henry[143] - Simon Alanson[140] - Alanson[18] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, on November 10, 1884; died in Lorain, Ohio, March 17, 1927.

Married in Akron, Ohio, on April 9, 1918, to Emma Pekerek, daughter of Mrs. Josephine Pekerek, of Lorain, Ohio, born on _____ died on _____

Both are buried in the Elmwood Cemetery, Black River Twp., Lorain Co., O.

CHILDREN:

146. DONALD WOOD
b. June 24, 1919
d.
m.
b.
d.

147. ROBERT BOYNTON
b. August 22, 1921
d.
m.
b.
d.

JOSEPHINE GENE (Peggy)
b. April 19, 1924
d.
m.
b.
d.

144. HARRY EDWIN GILMORE[144] - Simon Alanson[140] - Alanson[18] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, on December 29, 1864; died in Lorain, Ohio, on March 4, 1895. Buried in the Elmwood Cemetery, Black River Twp., Lorain Co., O.

Married on December 14, 1893 to Elizabeth Maxted, born in Walmer, Kent Co., England, on July 4, 1867; died in _____ on _____

CHILD:

156. HARRY MAXTED b. April 27, 1895, Lorain, O.
d.
m. May 17, 1919, Elizabeth Lakofsky
b. March 17, 1895, Amherst, Ohio.
d.
Children: Marian Elizabeth, b. 1920; Harry Maxted, Jr., b. 1925; Norma Jean, b. 1938.
In 1953 living in Elyria, Ohio.

146. DONALD WOOD GILMORE[146] - Frank Waterbury[145] - Orrin Henry[143] - Simon Alanson[140] - Alanson[18] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in_____, Ohio, on June 24, 1919; died in_____on _____

On _____married to _____born on _____died on_____

CHILDREN:

147. ROBERT BOYNTON GILMORE[147] - Frank Waterbury[145] - Orrin Henry[143] - Simon Alanson[140] Alanson[18] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in _____, Ohio, on August 22, 1921; died in _____ on _____

On _____ married to _____ born in _____ on _____ died _____

In 1953 living in Lorain, Ohio.

CHILDREN:

156. HARRY MAXTED GILMORE[156] - Harry Edwin[144] - Simon Alanson[140] - Alanson[18] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, on April 27, 1895; died on _____

Married in Elyria, Lorain County, Ohio, on May 17, 1919, to Elizabeth Lakofsky, of Amherst, Ohio, born there on March 17, 1895; died in _____ on_____

In 1953 living in Elyria, Ohio.

CHILDREN:

MARIAN ELIZABETH b. July 4, 1920, Elyria, O.
d.
m.
b.
d.

157. HARRY MAXTED, Jr. b. Sept. 28, 1925, Elyria, O.
d.
m. Sept. __, 1948, Stella DiBattista
b. 1927
d.
Children:

NORMA JEAN b. June 5, 1938, Elyria, O.
d.
m.
b.
d.

EDMUND GILMORE II LINE

157. HARRY MAXTED GILMORE, Jr.[157] - Harry Maxted, Sr.[156] - Harry Edwin[144] - Simon Alanson[140] - Alanson[18] - Edmund[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Elyria, Lorain County, Ohio, on Sept. 28, 1925; died in _____ on _____

On September __, 1948, married Stella DiBattista, born on _____1927; died on _____

CHILDREN:

19. EDMUND GILMORE II[19] - Edmund I[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Chester, Hampden County, Mass. on _____1808; died in _____ Minnesota, on March 13, 1881. In the early days when settlers began going West, Edmund got the fever and started out and lost track of until in 1941, when a granddaughter wrote to people in Lorain, Ohio, inquiring about him and her letter was referred to the Compiler for answering, and the data on his family mentioned herein is from his granddaughter.

Married on _____to Mary Maria _____, born on _____1816, died in _____on October 9, 1885, age 69.

CHILDREN:

HELEN
b.
d.
m. , _____Nichols.
b.
d.
They had four boys.

165. MILLS STEWART
b.
d.
m.
b.
d.
They had six children.

166. MARK ANTONY
b. 1839
d. 1921
m. , _____Nichols.
b.
d.
They had 13 Children, two dying in infancy.

167. STEPHEN FOWLER
b.
d.
m.
b.
d.
They had 3 children.

ALICE GREY
b.
d.
m.
b.
d.
So far as known, one child.

Edmund Gilmore II[19].

CHILDREN: (cont.)

ANNA MARIA
b.
d.
m.
b.
d.
Children: ?

168. LOUIS CASS
b.
d.
m.
b.
d.
Children. 9

NOTE: Relatives of this line agreed to furnish more complete data, but up to 1953, never did.

166. MARK ANTONY GILMORE[166] - Edmund II[19] - Edmund I[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in _____ Minnesota, on _____ 1839; died on _____ 1921.

Married on _____ to _____ Nichols, born on _____ died on _____

CHILDREN:

_____ b.
d. Young

_____ b.
d. Young

LUCY ANNA b.
d.
m.
b.
d.
Children: ?

178. EDMUND ALVIN b.
d.
m.
b.
d.
Children: ?

ADA ADELL b.
d.
m.
b.
d.
Children: ?

HELEN MARR b.
d.
m.
b.
d.
Children: ?

Mariette Roxana b.
d.
m. , _____ Barney, a Dentist.
b.
d. 1939
Children: Bernita, who md. Jerry Cumminskey, and had a daughter Roxana.

Mark Antony Gilmore

CHILDREN: (cont.)

DESMONA LUNA
b.
d.
m.
b.
d.
Children: ?

179. GEORGE
b.
d.
m.
b.
d.
Children: ?

180. CHARLES
b.
d.
m.
b.
d.
Children: ?

CREETE
b.
d.
m.
b.
d.
Children: ?

ARDIS RUTH
b.
d.
m.
b.
d.
Children: ?

GENEVIEVE
b.
d.
m.
b.
d.
Children: ?

JAMES MADISON GILLMORE[20] LINE.

20. JAMES MADISON GILLMORE[20] - Edmund I[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Chester, Hampden County, Mass. on _____1811; died in Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, on _____. Either he or his son was found frozen to death in _____.

Married on March 10, 1850, to Mary Ellen Mapes, born on June 12, 1828; died on September 20, 1851, age 23. She is buried in grave next to Elizabeth (Stewart) Gilmore and her husband, Edmund I, in the Cleveland Ave. Cemetery, Amherst, Lorain Coun ty, Ohio.

CHILD:

236. JAMES MADISON, Jr. b. Sept. 16, 1851
d.
m. , Lottie B. Walke r
b.
d.
Children: Bernice Lorain; Helen Isabel.
Either he or his father was found frozen to death on _____

236. JAMES MADISON GILLMORE, Jr.[236] - James Madison, Sr.[20] - Edmund I[12] - James[8] - William[2] - Robert[1].

Born in Lorain, Lorain County, Ohio, on September 16, 1851, four days before his mother died. He died on _____. Either he or his father was found frozen to death on _____

Married on _____ to Lottie B. Walker, born _____ died on _____

He was cremated and ashes buried in same grave with his mother in the Cleveland Ave. Cemetery, Amherst, Lorain Co., O. No tombstone for him.

CHILDREN:

BERNICE LORAIN b. February 16, 1885
d.
m. June 27, 1908, Raymond Fay
b. April 23, 1885
d.
Children: Robert Gilmore Fay, b. March 5, 1913.

HELEN ISABEL b. Feb. 19, 1889
d.
m. Aug. 19, 1908, Frank W. Klatt
b. Aug. 11, 1886
d.
In 1936 he was working for General Motors in Detroit.
They adopted Betty Louise, b. March 9, 1914.

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